## GRIDOPOLIS <br> A Tabletop 3D Strategy Game

## GAMEPLAY INSTRUCTIONS



SEVEN BASIC PARTS. UNLIMITED CREATIVE PLAY!


## GAME PARTS + DEFINITIONS

## BUILDING PARTS



Connects to any pad or post

Gridopolis is built with three basic parts that connect together. The pad and link connect horizontally, and the post connects vertically.

## NODE PARTS

All nodes go on the pads and modify how the pads work


## KINGERIZER

Marks your starting 'home-row.' Opponents land here to get 'kinged

## TELEPORTER

Turns the pad into a wormhole' - and teleports your marker to any other unoccupied teleporter.

## BLOCKER-BOX

Play defense! Take a pad out of action for the rest of the game. Everyone must go around.

## GRID-SET

The three-dimensional playing arena where all of the gameplay happens is called the 'gridset.' It's defined at the start of a game - but changes during play!

## MARKERS

Each player begins with a set number of markers to move and jump. See details on pages 4 and 5 .

Markers turn into kings when they reach an opponent's home-row.

Flip it over and you're a king!


## THIS IS A GAME SYSTEM

To help you get started, we have included the classic Matrix game design. Once you get comfortable with the system and rules, there are many other game designs available.

Different designs are called blueprints and are free to download at www.gridopolis.info

## You can also design your own game from scratch! Use our Game Design Guide at www.gridopolis.info.

IN THE BOX there are $\mathbf{2 1 7}$ PARTS


## 16 Posts

63 Pads

88 Links

24 Markers
Q

12 Kingerizers6 Teleporters
(1)

8 Blocker-Boxes

## ASSEMBLY TIPS

Start by connecting the links to the pads. They're easier to connect if you attach them from the underside.


When building a grid-set, it's easier to build a full horizontal 'floor' first.


When using a post, it always connects to a link, either at the top or bottom as shown.


Posts never connect directly to pads.

## BUILD YOUR GRID-SET



Next, connect the posts to the underside of the links.


To make your grid-set threedimensional, lower each floor and post assembly on to the floor level below.

## Each post

 fits on a link below.

If you are playing with two players, build these two sections. If you are playing with four players, build four of these sections.

Connect these sections to the second (middle) level.


## 2-PLAYER SET-UP

Place teleporters as shown, five total.
Place three kingerizers in a single back 'home-row' for each player and match colors.


## 3 or 4-PLAYER SET-UP



For the 3- or 4-player option, add an extra set of six pads and markers for each player.

## GAMEPLAY: OPTION 1

Win by being the last player standing!
No time limit.


## GAMEPLAY: OPTION 2

Play to any time limit you choose. Win by having the most points.
Make sure that each person has the same number of turns. When time runs out, continue until right before the person who started. So, everyone gets the same number of turns.
Then count up all the markers you have left and the ones you have captured.

## POINT SYSTEM

Kings you captured ................ 4 points
Pawns you captured ........... 3 points
Kings you have left ................. 2 points
Pawns you have left ............ 1 point

For the kamikaze move (explained later) give your sacrificed marker, including points, to the opponent you captured. Keep their marker and points.

## THE GOAL

Win by capturing your opponents until you are the last player standing. Or, play a timed game and win by having the most points when times runs out. 'How to capture' starts on page 8.

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When it's your turn, either move or jump or
build. Build with the parts listed below.
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## PASS OUT PARTS

Each player gets the following ten parts before the game starts. Set them aside for later use.


## STARTING

Pawns can move one pad at a time in any direction. This includes diagonally, sideways, and from one level to another. But, they can never go backwards - which is towards their home-row.


## ...LATER

Pawns can also jump their own team to speed things up! All jumps must be in a straight line - so no turning corners. You may even jump multiple markers on the same move. Orange pads highlight legal moves.


Pawns can never go backwards, which is towards their starting home-row.

Sideways moving is OK, except on the home-row. Markers must move forward for their first move.


## and AS A KING

Land on any
opponent's homerow (the color-keyed kingerizer) to get kinged! Flip over your pawn - and it's now a king. This is a major advantage.


Why? Kings can now move in any direction. They also get two separate moves on the same turn. The second move is always optional.


## TELEPORTER

Placed on the grid-set before play, a teleporter is a special 'node.' Any marker landing on it will teleport to any other open teleporter of your choosing. This does not count as an extra move.


When landing on a teleporter, you must teleport out, unless all other teleporters are occupied. In that case, stay put!
Pawns can teleport to any open teleporter, whether forward or backward. Teleporters are the exception to the movement rule for pawns.

## BLOCKER-BOX

A blocker-box will make a pad 'inactive.' Once placed, no one can land here, it cannot be moved, and all players must go around for the remainder of the game.

## Placing it counts as your turn.



Each player gets two blocker-boxes at the beginning of the game and can use them at any time. They can be placed on any open pad - which is not occupied by a kingerizer, teleporter, or player marker.

## ADD-A-PAD

The grid-set you start with is not the one you end with! A new pad can be connected anywhere it fits, either horizontally or vertically.

## Building it counts as your turn.



Each player gets three pads + two posts at the beginning of the game and can use them at any time. When using a post, the new pad must be directly above another pad.

When adding the pad horizontally, you can use a link. When adding the pad vertically, you can use both a link and a post.

## JUMPING BASICS

To capture a marker, you jump over them - in a straight line - into an empty pad. Both pawns and kings can capture each other, but pawns cannot go backwards at any time.

This straight line rule is always the same, no matter which direction, angle, or levels.


## ALWAYS <br> JUMP IN A <br> STRAIGHT <br> LINE

DIAGONAL MOVE.
BLUE CAPTURES GREEN!
GREEN IS REMOVED FROM THE GRID-SET

Always remove captured markers from the grid-set. Set them aside if you are playing a timed game using points so you count them.

The straight line can be at any angle or across mutliple levels. This is an example of a jump-capture going straight up vertically.


## JUMPING ADVANCED

A diagonal multi-level jump is challenging to visualize. It can help to first imagine the move on a single level.


Any jump-capture must always be made in a straight line, with no turns or changes in direction. This is tricky with different levels and diagonal angles.


The straight-line capturing rule can be confusing for beginners.

Here is the same illegal jump from two views to illustrate that green cannot be jumped.


Looks OK
from this
angle -
But it's not.


The planned jump-capture requires a turn -
or landing where there is no pad.

## MULTI-JUMP

Jumping is not limited to capturing one marker. A multi-jump allows you to keep jumping and capture more!


## KAMIKAZE!

This 'sacrifice' move occurs when a player captures an opponent's marker, but lands off the grid-set! Both markers are eliminated from play.


The kamikaze can only be used to jump an opponent on the same level. There is no limit to when, or how often, this move can be used.

If playing a timed game, the markers and points are divided:

- Green captures - and keeps - blue.
- Green is given to blue opponent.

WOW! A last marker can jump another last marker - and the one jumping wins the game.

## TELEPORTERS



Teleporters do not count as part of your 'move.' If you land on one, the next jump is free!

When you land on a teleporter, you must 'teleport' to any other unoccupied teleporter. Pawns are not restricted by direction.

If you land on a teleporter when all other teleporters are blocked with markers, then you stay on that teleporter.

After you arrive at your destination teleporter, you will need to leave that teleporter and re-enter (or land on another teleporter) to 'teleport' again.
Since kings have two moves, they can use move \#1 to exit and then move \#2 to re-enter and 'teleport' out.

## KING JUMPING

With a king's ability to move in any direction, you may have more jumps than you think.

Although rare, a king may be able to capture three - or even four - opponents in at single move. Impressive!


By using a teleporter on the first move, a king can still take a second move after arriving at the destination teleporter.


## OBJECTIVE

Start by building the 3D grid-set. Win by capturing your opponents until you are the last player standing. Or, play a timed game and win by having the most points when times runs out.

In Gridopolis, you capture others by jumping over them in any direction - or dimension! You can move horizontally, vertically, and diagonally - and across multiple levels. The gridset (your 3D playing arena) is dynamic and changes during play.
Any marker that gets jumped over is captured and comes out of the game.

PRO-TIP > Use a multi-jump to capture more than one opponent on a single turn!

## JUMPING in 3D

Any jump-capture move must follow the 'straight-line' rule.

Think of three points (or pads) in a row: your starting pad, the opponent you are jumping over, and your landing pad.


TWO ILLEGAL JUMPS: Both jumps require
(a) turning a corner or
(b) landing where there is no pad

## OTHER MOVES

A teleporter is a special pad. Land on one and get 'teleported' to any other open teleporter.


The kamikaze is the only move that allows you to play outside the grid-set. If your marker is on the same level as your opponent, capture them by jumping off the grid-set, sacrificing both markers.


## QUICK START GUIDE

## MOVE OR BUILD

At the beginning of a game, each player gets ten extra grid-set parts. These can be used to change the grid-set in the middle of a game!


Grow the grid-set with the add-apad move.
You can also shrink the grid-set by placing a blocker-box on any empty pad. The pad is out of order for the rest of the game.


